

THE CAPITAL QUESTION.

A dispatch from Secretary Hoyt, received at 2 o'clock p. m., yesterday, says that Judge French has heard the argument on the application for injunction to restrain the Secretary from removing territorial property to Prescott, and receives his opinion until Saturday.

SLANDER AND FALSEHOOD.

The following from the New York Graphic of March 23d, is a fair specimen of the lies on Arizona, that are going the rounds in the Press of the Eastern cities:

"The Apaches, as usual for many years, seem to have it all their own way in Arizona. Prescott and Tucson have practically been besieged for the last seven years. Death from an arrow or bullet is imminent half a mile from town and a dead certainty a mile."

Arizona is indebted to the Indian Ring at Tucson and San Carlos for damaging reports similar to the above, which are being published in such papers as the New York Herald, Graphic, etc. The article which we clip from the Graphic was undoubtedly written by a certain Mr. Page, who visited the Pinal mines, San Carlos and Tucson, this winter.

He was carried from San Carlos to Tucson by a team belonging to the Indian department, while in consideration that he should write up Arizona and take a stand against the military and every person connected therewith.

On his arrival at Tucson from San Carlos, he was the guest of Thomas Zwigg, the contractor at San Carlos Reservation, and whilst a guest of Mr. Zwigg wrote letters full of falsehood reflecting on every thing and every body, save the Saints who manipulate the funds of the Indian department of the Territory. People in the city of New York are not half so secure in life and property as the people of Arizona. Whilst the Indian city is teeming with howls and thunders, making life and property insecure, we have none but the best of citizens, our Indians are harmless, our people travel the Territory over without arms, and such articles as those that have emanated from the Herald and Graphic are untruthful, unjust and have a tendency to keep out emigration. Had the appeared four years ago, before the Indians were conquered by General Crook, they would have endorsed them, but at this late day, when we are as secure as any people in the United States, they come with bad grace and at a bad time. We are aware and must acknowledge that there are some seven or eight hundred reservation Indians absent from their reserve, but they have committed no depredations, and then it is necessary that they should be absent for the health, benefit and general good of the San Carlos and his allies. We have braved everything that brave men could for a series of years, and we will survive the unjust writings of flimsy who would be to men and we would say "Go to Mr. Page."

Governor McCormick.

Hon. H. W. Fleury, who was private Secretary to Governor McCormick, and acted for a time in the capacity of Secretary of the Territory while the Capital was at Prescott, and who had better opportunities than any one else to know what McCormick did during his residence here, authorizes us to say on his authority, and that he will support the assertion by affidavit, if necessary, not only of himself, but of other leading citizens of Prescott, that the story set afloat by Governor McCormick sold government stores and appropriated the proceeds to his own use, is utterly and maliciously false in all its details, and that so far from his taking anything for himself that rightfully belonged to others, he actually bought provisions at his own private expense, in many instances, and gave them to destitute people, and in others he took the hungry to his house and fed them, at his own table, and when provisions were scarce in the town or none to be had in the stores, the nearest Governor ever came to misappropriating Government supplies was to borrow from Fort Whipple, distribute them among the miners gratis and afterwards, when supplies were plenty to purchase at his own expense from the stores in town, and return them to the Quartermaster at the Post.

Personally, Judge Fleury is not friendly with Governor McCormick, and has no interest in him nor admiration for him, further than desire to do him justice, but feels it to be his duty, in as much as he knows the facts, to correct a false statement evidently gotten up in malice through personal or political spite by those who have no regard for truth and published to the world through a widely circulated newspaper for the basest of purposes.

In further support of what is here stated the Judge refers to many of the best citizens of Prescott, who were also in position to know what was going on. Among whom John Nible and Dan Hatz may be mentioned as living in the same house and on intimate terms with the Governor, and who could not have been deceived.

Case McCormick, April 16.

To Major Martin, A. J. I received a dispatch from Mr. Hughes, at Camp Crittenden, saying that a party of Indians run off nine head of stock from his place at 4 o'clock p. m., April 15th. That he, with three Mexicans, followed the trail a short distance, when the Indians attacked his party and killed the three Mexicans.

A small scouting party is out on San Pedro from this camp.

S. M. WHITEHEAD, Capt. 6th Cavalry, Com'd.

We are somewhat surprised at the above news, not on account of the troops, for the Governor has shown us how indifferent they are. But the Governor's own scouts are supposed to be out protecting the lives and property of the citizens in the southern portion of the Territory, and we cannot understand the audacity of the Indians making a raid at this time, when the Governor's forces are supposed to be in the field.

A TELEPHONE IS EAST GREENWICH.

Rhode Island.—We understand that a telephone communication, from the Boston University to the Greenwich Academy. How very nice it will be to enjoy the rehearsals in Boston by just taking a seat in the Academy Hall.—(East Greenwich Pondum.)

P. S. East Greenwich is about eighty miles from Boston.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT RIVER VALLEY.

EDITOR MINER:—Phoenix lies directly before us, and arises in the center of an extended plain, amid green trees, which wave in their bloom, like that irrepressible bird of Egyptian fable, from which it has taken the name. The productiveness which everywhere greets the eye is evidence that it, too, has a natural and permanent wealth capable of raising it from its ashes, if necessary. That portion of the valley which is under cultivation extends in length about twenty-five miles, and in width about seven. Its breadth is bounded on the one side by an irrigating canal, with a stream of water some five feet deep, and on the other by a lofty range of regularly evolving mountains, four miles from the foot of which courses the Salt river. Crossing the canal, a couple of miles along the side of waving grain fields, and a varied cultivated vegetation, leads us to believe, after traversing mountain fastnesses and rocky canyons, that we are again in God's country. A beautiful patch of alfalfa lies here, the verdure of which attracts the attention of the animal world, which heaves a sigh to be in its midst. Soon we come to a sight of numerous adobe buildings, clustered together, and the entrance into regularly and well laid out streets, leads us into the thriving town of Phoenix. Supplying the absence of a newspaper, we are not long in making ourselves known, and as a representative of the ARIZONA DAILY MINER, receive many a kind and greeting shake of the hands from its old friends and patrons. The thriving appearance which this town presents, the well arranged stores stocked with the choicest goods, and its many other leading interests, well deserve distinct mention of its business houses and business men. Those engaged in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

are, Smith & Stearns, A. Goldman, E. Wink Co., David Dietrich (formerly Morgan & Co.), and Perrella & Perella. The above gentlemen are a true type of the Arizona merchant—generous, courteous and affable, they possess in abundance those qualities necessary to success in merchandising.

BLACKSMITHS.

John Lutgerding and John Weir are busily engaged in horse-shoeing, wagon making, and all things connected with the above business.

RESTAURANTS.

Phoenix boasts of two, one of which has a lodging house in connection. The Phoenix Restaurant, conducted by C. C. Hayes, and the Plaza Restaurant, by T. M. Hall.

STAGES.

Mr. A. C. Libby is the gentlemanly manager of the C. & A. Stage Co. at this place, and shows the good judgment displayed by them in selecting their agents. He is certainly the right man in the right place.

LIVERY STABLES.

J. D. Monihon is the only one in the village engaged in the business, and he is really doing it credit. He has nine and one half kind of carriage, having shown us one team, which he boasts that, on a pinch, he could send an anxious traveler one hundred miles in a day. He has a good stock of buggies and other conveyances, also of saddles and harnesses. In connection with his stable is a train corral, which covers an acre of ground, and is surrounded by an adobe wall. George Sanborn, also Henry Sayers, have a feed yard and sales stable.

SALOONS.

Five enterprises of this kind are in a flourishing condition. J. M. Cotton is the proprietor of three—the "Gem," run by himself, and two others opposite the plaza. By the way, Mr. Cotton deserves credit for the energy he displays in forwarding the interests of Phoenix, in nearly every respect.

BREWERY.

Christian Kohler is engaged here in the manufacture of a cooling beverage, called lager beer.

BUTCHERY.

Jesus Otero supplies the town with veal cutlets, mutton chops, and porter-house steaks. There are also several bakers, whose names we have not learned.

MANUFACTURES.

Phoenix can boast with pleasure, and point to the fact that she has already two first-class mills; one owned by Major Veil, and the other by Smith & Stearns, both having two runs of stones, and steam run. The mill owned by Major Veil has the largest capacity. The Smith & Stearns mill is located in the heart of the town, while the other is in East Phoenix, three miles distant. Major Veil is living here in the style of a Peruvian Don. The large and commodious residence, with its splendid arcade, the mill, and its numerous out-houses and granaries, gives it the appearance of a small burg. These improvements stand in the center, while around lies a domain of a thousand acres, of which six hundred is waiving with beautifully headed wheat, which will yield, on an average, 30 bushels to the acre. A young orchard lies to the rear of the mill, in which, at a few rods, will ripen with fruit of nearly all kinds. Southwest of Phoenix lies the farm of Judge Tweed, who resides in Prescott. It is leased by S. C. Hunt, the Captain who guided the Boston party, last July, into Prescott. He is leading a strictly speaking, bachelor life, and he looks the loneliness and solitude, by standing in the doorway and viewing 100 acres of magnificent wheat and barley, the result of his efforts of farming.

SCHOOLS.

One commodious building serves to shelter the young ideas of the coming men and women. It is taught by Miss C. G. Hancock, who is putting forth strenuous efforts to train the young minds.

CHURCHES.

Here the Methodist Episcopal Churches of the North and South are united in one, and the Rev. Mr. Merrill and Rev. L. C. Wiley, formerly of Prescott, administer. Their sermons are extemporaneous exhortations to a large congregation, and contain useful information and advice.

LIBRARY AND LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

An institution of this kind is flourishing in Phoenix, in which all the young men and women of the village take an active part in its success. We attended some of its recitations, conducted under the auspices of Mr. S. C. Hunt, who is using his best endeavors to get up a dramatic entertainment, for the benefit of the Sunday school. Those engaged display a rare talent for the dramatic art, and with their assistance, we are sure under the criticism and training of Mr. Hunt, will be a successful company of 200 books have been ordered in San Francisco. Contributions have been made by many, which will swell the amount to 300 volumes. Among the most valuable of the contributions is that of Mr. Hunt, who has presented a full set of Chambers Encyclopedia.

THE BAR.

DeForest Porter stands at the head as District Judge. He is an able lawyer, and his decisions are profound. He is now holding court in Phoenix. W. A. Hancock is Probate Judge, his ability is proven by his popularity. John T. Alsop represents the people as prosecuting attorney, and we are sure is true to the interests of the community. J. D. Runburg and J. A. Young officiate as Justices of the Peace, both intelligent gentlemen. G. H. Oury and John E. Taylor are the practicing attorneys at law, and are worthy representatives of the bar.

COUNTY OFFICIALS.

J. W. Owen, Treasurer; A. W. Shumaker, District Clerk; W. F. McNulty, County Clerk; and George E. Mowery, Sheriff, are

officers whose honor and integrity are a credit to their constituents.

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. J. E. Wharton, formerly the able editor of the Rocky Mountain News, and Drs. A. J. and O. J. Tibbode, head the sick and under their benevolent appearance we are satisfied would give drink to the thirsty or food to the hungry.

NEWS AGENT AND JEWELER.

There is but one, George E. Loring, an accommodating young fellow, who is very much liked, and although extremely young in appearance, has had courage to get a better half.

LIGHTNING.

Last but not least we must not forget Mr. C. M. Clark, operator at Phoenix, and the witty man in the Territory, also local correspondent at Phoenix for the MINER. In connection with the telegraph we believe Mr. John W. Kennedy who is in charge of construction party, is deserving of notice. He is a native of the State, and has lately arrived from Wickburg, where he has been putting in his poles, cross arms, etc., and has again departed for the Agua Fria.

COURT NOTES.

Jesus Frias was sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor in the Territorial prison for assault with deadly weapon to induce to bodily injury. R. E. Johnson received a slight punishment for burglary, which charge the pleasured jury, Henry Morgan for having with a wax cloth to the injury of several, was fined \$3.00. Louis Davis made application for modification of sentence and it was not granted. In the several cases against Hollings & Co., judgment was allowed. J. D. Raymer was admitted to practice law in the District of Arizona. W. P. Frias was appointed Commissioner in place of Hancock, who is Probate Judge.

In conclusion we would say Phoenix is a peaceful and law abiding town, and strictly American. All seem to live in harmony and health. A rumor has been going the rounds, that the small pox is raging here, which is entirely untrue. There is no case in the valley, and that was some time ago. Such a story is maliciously false there being no foundation in it whatever. C. M. D.

PHOENIX, A. T., April 11, 1877.

MINING NEWS ETC. FROM ALEXANDRIA.

EDITOR MINER:—Although starting events are not of daily occurrence in the Peck district, we consider it a duty to note even the trifles that rise to the surface and form the topics of conversation in the camps.

The renewed chances of a sale of the Peck mine naturally cause more talk than anything else on the docket, and while many express their hopes that the Peck & Co. will be equally as desirous that the Peck & Co. will continue to go on in the silvery trail they have traveled for the past year.

No work is going on at the mine outside the north tunnel which is progressing as usual, with two feet of splendid ore some of which within two days past shows ruby color. Strangers who examine the ore are astonished at its richness, but the old settlers here long since ceased to be surprised at any new developments in the Peck. Col. Fogus, and Messrs. Walsh and Dann, are making the Peck Company's office here their headquarters, and are vibrating around in the hills examining ore, springs, timber, and all the things that come under the heading of their discoveries and opinions carefully to themselves.

In our vicinity everybody is glad to learn of the near arrival of the Warbler, Chas. Rice is working on the San Francisco claim, in which he, Anders & Rowe, and Charles Keyes of Prescott, are owners, and has recently found fine ore carrying native silver with the pay streak widening as sunk upon. Next south, are good surface prospects, and Messrs. Hancock & Davis are just starting in to work on the claim known as the First North extension on the Doyle, owned by Thomas Whitehead & Co. The original Doyle is looking as well as ever.

Parties from the basin report Luke's road nearly completed, the mill at Steve Gordon's ranch at Walnut Grove, and everything moving along as well as could be expected. There is considerable talk through Alexandria to Bradshaw Basin, Black Canyon and other districts, and the stores of Alexander & Co. and Anders & Rowe, are doing quite a business in furnishing the necessary supplies to miners and prospecting parties.

The Messrs. Barnum have purchased a house, and are about to open a boarding house, and are putting up a dwelling house, and Huff another. Col. Bigelow has a gang of men at work grading Prince street, from Ellis' saloon to the divide, where McPhie & Hardwick are grading a lot for a building.

John Ellis has received his lumber, doors, sashes, etc., from Prescott, and is busy putting up an addition to his saloon 1824 feet. Whip-sawyers and shingle makers are busy in the mountains three miles south, and the Spring season is to opening with fair prospects for this section.

Lieutenant Thomas has been surveying the Peck claim, and has passed through here yesterday, and County Surveyor Bennett was in town a day or two since, being on a trip over the proposed county road from Prescott to Bradshaw.

B. A. Hussey and Jul. N. Rodenburg, homestead bound from the bonanza galena region on Castle Creek, enlisted us a "wee bit" during a night's sojourn this week, and for three days past snow, sleet, cold rains, and much wind has given us all blue noses, and lively appetites. A. B. C.

ALEXANDRIA, A. T., April 17th, 1877.

BULLION TAX.

We extract the following figures from the quarterly report of F. W. Blake, Secretary of the Peck Mining Company, showing the operations of the company for the three months ending March 31st, 1877.

The report is made to the County Assessor, whose duty it is to collect the tax on the net proceeds of the mines. This company, it will be seen, pays for the quarter in question \$1,146.32, the major portion of which goes into the county road fund.

EXTRACTS FROM THE SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Total number of tons packed to Arizona mill during the months of January, February and March, is 193 1-7 tons. Gross yield of bullion stamped value is \$97,830. Less freight and discounts, 6,680.88 Net cash value, currency, 91,150.07 Gross expense in extracting, hauling and reducing, 38,843.65 Net profits as to tax, 52,306.42 Amount of tax at 2 per cent, 1,046.13

The Inter-Ocean's Washington special, of April 9th, says: The verdict of the military tribunal in the Reno case has been received at the Department of Justice, but it cannot yet be given. Reno's friends are trying to break down the verdict, on the ground that he was not allowed to produce evidence concerning Mrs. Bell's character, which he claims is very bad. The sentence is believed to be severe.

"Get Up."—Mr. Walsh has discovered a silver lead on Castle Creek in Maricopa county, and named it the "Get Up." We have not learned much about the lead, but take it for granted that it must be good, otherwise it would not have been located by a man who is one of the mining experts and knows what he is doing every time.

Swindling the Indians.

One Hundred and Forty Thousand Dollars at one Agency in Arizona.

We have learned from what we consider a very reliable source, that the Indian department are supposed to feed and are paying for the sustenance of 3000 Indians on the San Carlos reservation. We are credibly informed that at least 1000 of these Indians are absent from the reserve and do not receive any rations, thus it will be seen that there is a *supper in the fence* somewhere. It is stated that the contract for food is being shrouded by some person or persons, and that the article contracted for is not furnished, but instead an inferior article wherein a net profit is being made on every pound of sets.

The beef that is furnished at three and one half cents per pound is that of small inferior cattle that will not average more than 350 lbs., still they are received and issued out to the poor ignorant Indian at 700 pounds! See what is made on the following articles at one agency and then worship Indian Agents as honest men.

FLOUR.

Claimed, 5000 Indians rationed, absent, 1000 No. of pounds for 1000 Indians for 1 year, 365,000 lbs., at 8 cts per lb., \$29,200.00 No. of pounds for 4000 Indians, fed on meal and shorts, costing 3 cts, 1,400,000 lbs., on which is made \$73,000 or a total on the one article of flour of \$102,000!

DEER.

1000 Indians absent, 1 lb per day, 365,000 lbs. at 3 1/2 cts per lb., \$12,737.50 4000 Indians fed 1 year, 1,400,000 rations, beef average 350 lbs., fed by agent at 700 lbs., saving one half at 3 1/2 cts, \$23,300.00 or a total on beef at the agency for one year, at a price an honest man would starve to death on, of \$38,325, or a grand total on flour and beef of \$140,000, not to say any thing of salt, coffee, sugar, soap, pepper, etc., all of which is issued out in the same proportion to the beef and flour. No wonder that hangers on about the San Carlos agency go living for territory and money, and then, going off two and three thousand dollars and think nothing of it.

GOVERNOR SAFFORD'S LETTER.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, TUCSON, A. T., March 10th, 1877.

SIR:—At the suggestion of friends of Education, I have assigned May 1st, 1877, for the Teachers of the several Counties to meet at Prescott to organize a Teachers' Institute, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting. Should it not be possible for every county to send a representative to said meeting, then you are hereby requested to appoint two persons who are interested in the cause of education to represent the school interest of your County, and should it not be practicable for any residents of your County to attend said meeting, I would suggest that you appoint those living at or near Prescott, in order that they may be enabled to conveniently attend the meeting.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, (Signed) A. P. K. SAFFORD, Governor.

The above Circular letter was issued by Governor Safford to the various Probate Judges of the Territory, calling a Teachers' Institute, to meet in Prescott, May 1st. In pursuance of the call, the following persons have been appointed delegates and proxies: Yavapai County—L. A. Stevens, Dr. Good fellow, Benjamin Morgan. Mohave County—R. R. Banker of Mineral Park, N. C. Shuckles and Paul Weber of Prescott. Maricopa County—C. B. Foster and E. W. Wells of Prescott.

Yuma County—John A. Rush of Prescott. The other Counties have as yet sent no representatives or proxies.

Judge Carter yesterday called a meeting of delegates and proxies, and last evening the following named persons met at the office of the Probate Judge: Judge Carter, M. H. Sherman, Dr. Goodfellow, N. C. Shuckles, J. N. Rodenburg, C. B. Foster, Benjamin Morgan, and Paul Weber.

The following were appointed a Committee, by Judge Carter, to draw up a program, and have prepared the following order of exercises, subject however to change. Meeting to be called to order by Judge Carter, at the School-house at 10 A. M. Monday, April 30th.

Opening Address, by Governor Safford. Organization and general business. At 2 P. M.—Address by Messrs. Horton of Tucson, Banker of Mohave, Fitch, Rush and others of Prescott. Music, by the Church Choir.

Poem, by Mrs. T. W. Otis. Addresses, by Rev. J. A. Merrill and Benjamin Morgan.

Army Supplies for 1877-8.

We copy the following for the information and guidance of persons who may wish to bid for supplying the different posts of the department. Bids will be received up to May 15th, and contracts will commence July 1st, 1877:

Camp Apache, A. T.—Hard wood, cords, 25,000; soft wood, cords, 1000; corn, 20,000; hay, pounds, 60,000; charcoal, bushels, 1000.

Camp Bowie, A. T.—Hard wood, cords, 600; barley, pounds, 600,000; bran, pounds, 25,000; hay, pounds, 1,000,000; charcoal, bushels, 1000.

Camp Grant, A. T.—Hard wood, 500; soft wood, cords, 1200; corn, pounds, 40,000; barley, pounds, 800,000; bran, pounds, 30,000; hay, pounds, 1,700,000; straw, pounds, 400,000; charcoal, bushels, 2000.

Camp Lowell, A. T.—Soft wood, cords, 1000; barley, pounds, 500,000; bran, pounds, 20,000; hay, pounds, 700,000; straw, pounds, 300,000; charcoal, bushels, 1000.

Camp McDowell, A. T.—Hard wood, cords, 400; soft wood, cords, 200; barley, pounds, 400,000; bran, pounds, 10,000; hay, pounds, 20,000; straw, pounds, 150,000; charcoal, bushels, 800.

Camp Mojave, A. T.—Soft wood, cords, 700; barley, pounds, 85,000; hay, pounds, 20,000; straw, pounds, 42,000; charcoal, pounds, 600.

Camp Thomas, A. T.—Soft wood, cords, 600; barley, pounds, 400,000; hay, pounds, 700,000; straw, pounds, 300,000; charcoal, bushels, 1200.

Camp Verde, A. T.—Soft wood, cords, 1200; corn, pounds, 300,000; barley, pounds, 350,000; hay, pounds, 900,000; straw, pounds, 300,000; charcoal, bushels, 3000.

Yuma Depot, A. T.—Soft wood, cords, 400; straw, pounds, 150,000; hay, pounds, 200,000; Yuma, pounds, 80,000.

Major Reno Dismissed from the Service.

Reno is to be dismissed from the Army. This is the formal decision of the court-martial, which has been approved by Judge Advocate General Hunt. Friends of Reno are bringing tremendous influence to bear upon Secretary McCarty to get him to mitigate the sentence. What is claimed in the interest of mercy for Reno is his past record.

Mail Route Proposals.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Postoffice Department has prepared advertisements in the Ring proposals for mail service on about six hundred routes, in all parts of the country, for terms ranging from one to four years from the 1st of next September. Bids will be received until June 15th, and awards made by June 20th.

The recent mail routes established in this Territory, which are very much needed, are included in the above list.

The Arizona Star, published at Tucson, intimates that Governor Safford has appropriated to his own use \$3,000 that rightfully belongs to the school fund. Now, while we cannot always agree with Governor Safford, especially in his Indian theories, we yet believe him honest and sincere, and if the Star, or any body else, can show where he ever appropriated a cent of school, or any other money, that did not honestly belong to him, we can and will responsibly parties that we honor a draft that will cover the deficiency, whatever it may be.

Although the Colorado Steam Navigation Company have sold out, we are glad to know that many of the old hands will be retained by the new company. Such men as Finlay, Agent at Yuma, Fisher, Agent at Ehrenberg, are hard to be replaced and then Captains Mellon and Polhamus of the river have no superiors so far as navigating the Colorado is concerned. We have heard good judges of navigation declare that Captain Jack Mellon could make a steamboat navigate on grass covered with a heavy dew and jump over two and three thousand dollars and think nothing of it.

One hundred and forty thousand pounds of machinery recently arrived at Ehrenberg which is to be put up on the Black Warrior mine in this county. This will be a good job for some of our heavy freighters.

Mr. H. Springer of Albuquerque, who has been in trouble financially, has made arrangements with his creditors and will continue business.

The original grant of the town of Albuquerque, New Mexico, which has been missing for 23 years has been found.

We learn by the Santa Fe New Mexican, of April 10th, that two cases of small pox exist in that city.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL TO THE MINER.

Washington, April 15.

John P. Greer, of Nebraska, has been appointed Secretary of Arizona.

Salt Lake, April 14.

At a mass meeting of non-Mormon citizens of this city to-day, a resolution was offered by General Nathan Kimball, to amend the organic law of the Territory to read as follows: "That all male inhabitants 21 years of age, citizens of the United States, shall be entitled to vote and be eligible for office, provided however, that no person living in the practice of bigamy or polygamy shall be permitted to hold any office or to vote at any election, or to act as a juror and that all voters shall be by secret ballot. That all laws in conflict with these provisions shall be repealed."

Resolution unanimously adopted by meeting and referred to committee on resolutions and memorials to Congress.

Columbia, S. C., April 16.

The State officers, commissioned by Chamberlain, decline to give up their offices to Hampton until a decision from the Supreme Court is received.

San Francisco, April 16.

Reports received at the office of the Central Pacific Railroad, to-day to look this morning, show that there has been a general rain extending to the Colorado River in the South to the extreme Northern counties.

New York, April 17.

The Sun's Washington special says: Clerk Adams has received all the certificates of the members elected to the House whose credentials are satisfactory. Ten Democratic majority.

Spotted Tail Agency, Neb., April 16.

About one thousand Northern hostile Indians made a formal surrender of arms and ponies to Gen. Crook, at this post, day-before yesterday.

New Orleans, April 17.

Nichols' Senate yesterday passed resolutions directory of its desire to secure the withdrawal of the military forces from the government, pledging its co-operation with the President's policy.

St. Petersburg, April 16.

Diplomatic campaign is finally terminated. General Ignatieff will accompany the Czar to Kischineff. It is expected that formal war declarations will be promulgated on the 21st.

A Vienna dispatch says: Austria is inclined to cede a portion of Herzegovina to Austria. Reported mobilization of Austria Hungarian army is now said to be untrue.

Los Angeles, April 17.

A fire broke out last night about half past nine o'clock, destroying an adobe boarding house on the corner of Foot and First streets.

Silver mines have been discovered thirty-two miles from Dos Palms, on the Colorado Desert and sixty miles this side of the Colorado River.

The rain of last Sunday has done great service to sheep pasture and growing crops.

New York, April 17.

The World's Albany special says: Towns send, Tweed's confession, arrived last night with Tweed's confession. It gives a history of the ring from its inception, tells how Tweed and his associates have been able to get into office, it implicates several Republican Senators as well as members of the New York Board of Supervisors. Hall's proposition was that he would give up his share in the profits and was in full collusion and was fully aware of the fraudulent nature of the contracts he signed. Tweed gives names of the persons who had promised him assistance in the truth of all his statements. He has preserved all of his transactions, all of which will be placed at the disposal of the State. Active preparations are said to be in progress at Ludlow Street Jail, looking to the early release of Tweed. He has made an absolute tender of all his property to the city. But he is said to amount to